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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Dallas, Texas March 26, 1965

AMERICAN UNDERGROUND, also known as MINUTEMEN FORT WORTH, TEXAS

The following information was furnished on November 19 and 24, 1964, by Dallas T-1:

Dallas T-1 advised that he is presently a member of a group referred to as the "Minutemen" and "American Underground" and has been so since approximately 1962. Dallas T-1 advised that the organization is nationwide with approximately fifteen to thirty members in Tarrant County. Dallas T-1 stated that the name of the organization as such has only been used twice in two years and that proper names are seldom, if ever, used and that this makes it very difficult to determine identities of members. Dallas T-1 advised that the following are currently members of the organization:

Arthur Pollard, 2707 Berryhill Drive, Fort Worth, Texas

Otto (Duke) Koling and Shirley Bob Renshaw, 2341 Harris Lane, Haltom City, Texas, who lives with Koling.

Bill Seals, employed at Montgomery Ward's and recently transferred to Montgomery Ward's, Houston, Texas.

Van Pollard, 3421 Hanger, Fort Worth, Texas

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Closely associated with the organization and perhaps a member is Richard W. Dawson, who lives on Highway 121 on the outskirts of Fort Worth and who has formerly lived in the neighborhood of 2820 Northwest 29th in the early 1950's. Dallas T-1 advised that an attorney whom members of the group have been advised to contact if "they get into trouble", is W. Alfred Windor, with offices in the Ellis Building in Fort Worth. Dallas T-1 advised he does not know whether or not Windor is a member of the organization.

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Dallas T-1 advised the primary purpose of the organization is to fight against the present Federal control of national and local Governments and to fight for "States' rights". The group is supposedly national in origin and believes that the Federal Government is in the process of selling out to the communists and that the group is the last line of defense against this sellout. The group secondarily is racial in that it believes in white supremacy. advised that the organization suffered a severe setback because of the assassination of President Kennedy but now is attempting a full-scale reorganization. The group recruits basically from those who do not have criminal records and is organized in such a manner that no one is supposed to know the names of other members in the organization. This is to prevent effective infiltration by the Government. advised that the group has no immediate plans for action, but that several times locally this group has determined to act on their own and this action; has been curtailed because of orders relayed from higher authority in the organization. These higher authorities are unknown to Dallas T-1, except that a person by the name of Ray (last name unknown) at the ranch in the vicinity of Venus, Texas, appears to be in contact with the group's organizational leaders. Ray is described as a personal and close friend of retired General Edwin Walker and about one and one-half to two years ago was apparently implicated in some manner in the burning of a newspaper in the area of Midlothian, Texas. Ray is also apparently a warehouse supervisor in Dallas.

Dallas T-1 also advised he has been recently contacted by a man whom he does not know but who apparently lives in the Fort Worth area, and this unknown male advised Dallas T-1 to himself from the small group he is now





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of more prominence in the organization. Dallas T-1 advised that the small group with which lowest level in the organization and that their primary purpose is to do the "dirty work".

Dallas T-1 stated that the group is also prepared, in the event of a Wegro uprising in the Fort Worth area, to take action against various Wegro leaders including Dr. Flint, Dr. Fleming and Dr. Ransom, and a Fort Worth hoodlum named Madison Hogan, who is apparently a Mation of Islam leader in the Fort Worth area.

Dallas T-1 advised that the only overt action tentatively planned for the winter months is that the effect of a .30 caliber rifle on power transformers in the area may be tested. Dallas T-1 further stated that the group apparently has a contact with an individual in northeast Texas who goes by the name of "South" and that this contact may be utilized in the raiding of a northeast Texas armory during the winter months. The primary interest is obtaining mortars and mortar ammunition and automatic weapons; therefore, Dallas T-1 believes that the armory would probably be of a tank or infantry group.

Dallas T-1 advised that the group locally is attempting to gain control of the Panther City Motorcycle Club for the purpose of gaining land apparently owned by this club, in the area of Lake Arlington, Texas, and thereafter selling this land and using the monies therefrom for purchases of the group.

Dallas T-1 advised that it has been learned the group has organizations in Stephenville, San Angelo, Italy and Brownwood, Texas. Dallas T-1 further advised that Arthur Pollard has in the past made trips to Alabama, Wyoming, Montana, California, and that the group has a contact with an individual by the name of Jim Scott in Kansas City. Dallas T-1 advised that he has seen pamphlets from national Minutemen headquarters, but that these dealt primarily with the fighting of any National Firearms Act which would involve licensing of private weapons.





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Dallas T-1 advised that several members of the group are personally acqueented with General Edwin Walker and he apparently has a capacity of being an advisor. The group does not apparently have any connection with the American Nazi party or with the Ku Klux Klan. The group is organized into small cell-like bodies and the meetings of these are never held on a regular basis and are generally held in public places at night with from five to fifteen people in attendance. Benbrook Lake Park and Eagle Mountain Lake area have been two places where the group has met in the past, although often the meeting will be a "moving one" in someone's automobile. The group's meetings are never planned in advance as far as Dallas T-1 knows, inasmuch as Dallas T-l is always notified personally by someone in the group generally within an hour to thirty minutes ahead of a meeting time, and is then picked up and taken to the meeting place. Many of the members of the group have walkie-talkies although some members do not.

Dallas T-1 advised that it is suspected that a Dallas gunsmith by the name of John Thomas Masen is at least sympathetic to the purposes of this group, although he is not known by Dallas T-1 to be a member of the organization. This belief is based on the fact that Dallas T-1 has in the past seen Masen in the company of Bill Seals.

On November 19, 1964, Dallas T-2 and Dallas T-3, sources which have knowledge of Nation of Islam activities in Fort Worth and Dallas areas, individually advised that they had no information concerning the connection of a Madison Hogan with Nation of Islam activities in the Fort Worth-Dallas area.

On November 19, 1964, Lieutenant H. F. Hopkins and V. T. Summers, Intelligence Unit, Fort Worth Police Department, advised they had no information concerning activities of a Minutemen group or of a group similarly inclined in the Fort Worth area.



TITLE



BACKGROUND RE INDIVIDUALS ALLEGEDLY MEMBERS OF ALLEGED MINUTEMEN GROU

On November 6, 1964, a check of current Fort Worth directories reflected no information concerning a Otto Koling or Bill Seals.

On November 6, 1964, Operator 98, Fort Worth Retail Merchants Credit Association, 508 Commerce, advised that agency had no record re Otto Koling. Operator 98, advised, however, that the following information pertained to an Arthur Austin Pollard, married to Betty Jane Woles, previously married to Lillie. His nearest relative is Mamie Gaines, 3432 Hanger Street. Arthur Pollard was born September 15, 1934, and served in the United States Marine Corps from July 25, 1952, until July 24, 1956, during which time he lived at 41F NAMAR Housing, El Toro, Santa Ana, California, USMC, and was last employed by Exchange Parts, Fort Worth, in the assembly section.

On November 6, 1964, Operator 98 furnished the following re Shirley Bob Renshaw. Wife Marion Helen, previously married to a Helen Sullivan. In September, 1963, Renshaw was the assistant manager of Sky Hobby Shop and apparently is now employed with "Abe Terrell". In March, 1964, he lived at 2341 Harris Lane, having moved there from 2603 Gorman in Waco, Texas. Renshaw apparently moved to Waco, Texas in September, 1963, returning March, 1964 to Harris Lane address. Renshaw formerly was employed with Cromer Ace Company, Fort Worth, Texas, and is approximately 32 years of age.

On November 6, 1964, F. M. Alexander, Identification Division, Fort Worth Police Department, advised he had no record identifiable with Bill Seals or Otto Koling.

On October 28, 1964, G. Blasingame, Identification Division, Fort Worth Police Department, advised he had no record re Arthur Pollard or Shirley Bob Renshaw.



On November 10, 1964, Joe George, Security Division, Montgomery Ward's, 2600 West 7th Street, Fort Worth, Texas, advised Bill Seal had worked in the Montgomery Ward Auto Service Department, October 14, 1964, when he was transferred to Palm Center, Montgomery Ward at Houston, Texas. The manager of Palm Center store is A. L. James. Seal's personnel record was sent to Houston on his transfer. George was not personally acquainted with Seal.

On Movember 10, 1964, Operator 54, Fort Worth Retail Merchants Credit Association, 508 Commerce, advised that agency had no information regarding Bill Seals, Seal or Seale. It is noted that the current Fort Worth City Directory reflects William H. Seale, 2185 Weatherbee, as working for Auto Service - Ward's.

On November 9, 1964, C. Fowler, Identification Division, Fort Worth Police Department, advised re Van Wiley Pollard that said individual had been arrested February 11, 1945, by the Police to the custody of the U.S. Marshal. At that time Pollard was 22 years of age, 5'8", 135 pounds, brown eyes, brown hair. He had Fort Worth Police Department #54786. Records further reflect that in 1952, Pollard was an applicant for city employment, Waste Disposal Division.

On November 9, 1964, W. M. Young, Identification Division, Tarrant County Sheriff's Office, advised he had no record concering Van Wiley Pollard.

On November 9, 1964, Operator 52, Fort Worth Retail Merchants Credit Bureau, 508 Commerce, furnished the following information regarding Van Walle Pollard, current address 3421 Hanger. Pollard was born in 1923, Fort Worth, married, wife Patricia in 1955. He iscurrently employed by Maremont Corporation which is also known as Exchange Parts Motors in the Quality Control Section. Pollard has been so employed since April, 1956. Mearest relative is Mrs. Rosie Turpin, 3529 James Lane. Wife's nearest relative is Mrs. B. B. Roberts, Eldorado, Texas.





On November 11, 1964, a telephone call to the Maremont Corporation, Fort Worth, Texas, verified Van Pollard's employment at that agency.

On November 19, 1964, W. M. Young, Tarrant County Sheriff's Office, Identification Division, advised he had no record identifiable with William H. Seale. In reference to Richard W. Dawson, a Richard Never Walter Dawson was received in 1941 on a burglary charge and thereafter received a two year suspended sentence. Dawson's address at that time was 2912 West Lancaster. Notations in the file indicated Dawson had been handled several times as a juvenile, Tarrant County Sheriff's Office #10705, Fort Worth Police Department #13945, FBI No. 3950242.

On November 19, 1964, Operator 4, Fort Worth Retail Merchants Credit Bureau, 508 Commerce, advised they had no record regarding Richard W. Dawson.

On November 19, 1964, F. M. Alexander, Identification Division, Fort Worth Police Department, advised he had no record re William H. Seale and made available the following information concerning Richard W. Dawson: White male American, born July 14, 1926, Leavenworth, Kansas, handled as a juvenile for burglary on November 14, 1941, at which time he received a two year suspended sentence. It is noted Dawson was 15 at the time. Dawson picked up as subject of several investigations between 1941 and 1946, but no charges filed. Last notation in record was 1951, chauffeur's application. Address listed at that time as 2820 Northwest 29th, Fort Worth.

Current Fort Worth phone directory reflects Richard W. Dawson, Highway 121, telephone BU 1-1740. Current City Directory reflects no information re Richard W. Dawson.

On Movember 25, 1964, a review of appropriate city directories reflected the following information re W. Alfred Winder. Winder is a lawyer with offices in the Ellison Building, 103B Main, Room 311. Wife's name is Lola and residence is 4202 Pershing Avenue.



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AMERICAN UNDERGROUND, also known as MINUTEMEN FORT WORTH, TEXAS

On December 3, 1964, Dallas T-1 advised that Arthur Pollard and Otto (Duke) Koling have recently decided that the local Minutemen organization may be moving too slowly and they are going to attempt contact with the leader of the American Nazi Party, Lincoln Rockwell, in an effort to evaluate his policies.

Dallas T-1 advised "South", referred to previously, as this group's contact in a possible raid on an armory in Northeast Texas, is a caretaker at an Armory, he now believes is located near Cooper or Paris, Texas. Dallas T-1 advised the stress in the organization now as to get more members.

Detective Loyd Mathews, Paris, Texas Police
Department, advised on December 11, 1964, that a Luther South,
commonly referred to as "Pop", had been employed by the
National Guard Armory, Greenville, Texas, until about March,
1964. Due to the re-organization in the Guard by the State
of Texas, South had been transferred to North Fort Hood,
Texas, and could be located at the first building on the
left after you enter the North Fort Hood entrance on the
highway coming from Gatesville, Texas, to North Fort Hood.
Mathews advised that South was a permanent employee of the
State of Texas and was a non-commissioned officer in charge
of maintenance of the armory when he was in Greenville and
he assumes that South is carrying on the same duties at
North Fort Hood. Mathews stated that he was able to learn
that South had a brother who had been, or still is, with
the 949th Division of the National Guard at Dallas, Texas.

On December 16, 1964, Dallas T-1 advised that the "South" be referred to previously as the contact of the "Minuteman" in a possible attempt in a raid on a Mortheast Texas Armory was Nolan South. South, whose original home is near Cooper, Texas, presently works for a National Guard Armory in Dallas and is the brother-in-law of Grady R. Turpin of approximately 1129 Alston Avenue, Fort Worth, Texas. Dallas T-1 advised Turpin is a member of the "Minutemen" group in the Fort Worth area but is not one of the more active members. Dallas T-1 advised that some of the members have recently obtained Smith and Wesson Victory Model Thirty-eight special revolvers and these revolvers appear to be new. Dallas T-1 did not know the source of these revolvers.



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AMERICAN UNDERGROUND, also known as MINUTENEN FORT WORTH, TEXAS

On December 17, 1964, a check of current Dallas
Telephone Directry reflected that a Wolan F. South resided
at 7223 Lake June Road. On December 17, 1964, a check of
the current Fort Worth City Directory reflected that Grady
R. Turpin, whose wife's name is Eunice E., resides at 1131
Alsten Avenue, Fort Worth, and is a machine operator for
the Container Corporation. On December 17, 1964, Operator 39,
Fort Worth Retail Merchants Credit Association, 508 Commerce
Street, Fort Worth, advised that Grady R. Turpin has been
in the credit bureau files since December 11, 1943.

Turpin's vives are listed as follows:

In December, 1953, a divorce proceeding was filed by Turpin versus Joan and the divorce was granted.

In December, 1956, a divorce proceeding was noted, Turpin versus Alice.

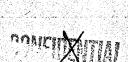
In February, 1963, it was noted that Turpin was married to Eunice.

Turpin is listed as a repiller in the printing department of the Container Corporation, where he has worked since July 10, 1946. Turpin has lived at 1131 Alston Avenue since at least January, 1953. Turpin's date of birth is listed as October 3, 1925, and no residences other than Fort Worth are shown. Turpin has several repossessions on his credit record.

On December 17, 1964, F. M. Alexander, Identification Division, Fort Worth Police Department, and W. M. Young, Identification Officer, Tarrant County Sheriff's Office, advised their records contain no information regarding Grady R. Turpin.

On December 21, 1964, Dallas T-1 advised that the local Minutemen group has apparently no activities scheduled in this area in the near future, and the group appears quiet at present. Dallas T-1 furnished the following description of Grady R. Turpin whom he described as a member of the local organization:

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> Race Sex Mationality Age Keight Weight Build Remarks

White
Male
American
Approximately 38 years
5 feet 9 inches
220 pounds
Heavy
Bald; generally armed
with a .38 caliber pistol
believed to be of a
British make.

Turpin's function in the local group is that of a photographer. Turpin is presently employed by the Container Corporation.

Dallas T-1 advised he met Nolan South only once about five years ago and could describe him only in that he is a white male American, and his features were characterized by very large protruding ears. Dallas T-1 stated that he has not yet been able to determine South's exact relationship with the organization and does not know whether he is a member.

On January 5, 1965, Penn Jones, Publisher, "Midlothiam Mirror", Midlothian, Texas, advised Delbert Ray resides at Route 3, Midlothian, on a farm known as "White Gate Farm", which Ray is buying on time. Ray is about forty years of age, married and has two daughters. He is employed in Dallas, but his employer is unknown.

In the past, Ray was very active in the John Birch Society which held meetings at Midland in 1961 and 1962. He was then a close associate of Edgar Wesley Seay, another John Birch Society member, who was employed by General Edwin Walker. Jones stated that at 2:34 a.m., on April 30, 1962, a fire alarm was sounded on an incendiary fire in the office of the "Midlothian Mirror". This fire was caused by a gallon can of gasoline or some other volatile fluid, with a paper fuse, which had been thrown through the front door. Although no arrests were made, police felt certain that Seay either set the fire or caused it to be set.

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AVERICAN UNDERGROUND, also known as MINUTEMEN FORT WORTH. TEXAS

On January 14, 1965, Dallas T-l advised there had been no recent meetings of the "Minutemen" group in the Fort Worth area. An individual known as Ray, the proprietor of a ranch in the Venus-Midlothian, Texas, area, has been responsible for distribution of "On Target", the national "Minutemen" publication to various members of the Fort Worth group.

On January 21, 1965, Dallas T-1, at Fort Worth, Texas, advised that there had been no recent meetings held and none were planned for the immediate future for the "Minutemen" group in Fort Worth. (First Name Unknown) Hudson, believed to be a Sergeant in the National Guard, who either owns or works on a ranch in the area of Bowie, Texas, has recently been seen in the company of several members of the local group. While H4dson is not known to be a member at present of this group, it is possible he may be a target for recruitment.

On January 22, 1965, Chief Warrant Officer Joe R. Barber, Civilian Personnel Records Office, 49th Armored Division, Texas National Guard, 1779 California Crossing Road, Dallas, Texas, advised that Nolan Frenklin South is a Staff Sergeant there and is also a civilian employee as a maintenance man in the motor pool. He said Nolan South has a brother, Luther South, who is also an employee of the Texas National Guard, but Barber did not know where Luther South is presently assigned.

He said Wolan South's complete personnel record is maintained at the Civilian Personnel Office, Texas National Guard, Austin, Texas, that a briefer civilian file is maintained by South's direct supervisor, Captain Everett B. Scott at the Armory of the Texas National Guard at the above Dallas address, and that he, Barber, had only South's military file in his office.

Barber said he has known South casually for several years. He said South has been working in the motor pool during his entire employment there and does not normally have access to firearms or ammunition. Along with other personnel, South fires a familiarization course at the



Army installation at Mineral Wells, Texas, once a year. However, the firearms and ammunition are under the control of one employee at the Armory, who is accountable for such firearms and ammunition, and South would have no way of obtaining unlimited or large amounts of such firearms and/or ammunition.

Barber described South as a man who apparently does not have much education, but makes every effort to give the impression he is well-educated. He said South frequently "talks when he should be listening," i.e., he frequently discusses matters about which he knows little or nothing. However, Barber said, he has never heard South discuss politics or show any interest in racial matters or politics. He and his wife are very active in the Baptist Church, and South speaks frequently of his activities in that church.

Barber said South has been a civilian employee of the Texas National Guard since May 7, 1956, and is currently earning \$6,427.00 per year.

He made available South's military file which disclosed the following background data:

Male

Sex Race Age Born

Height
Weight
Hair
Eyes
Education

Military History

White
39
December 25, 1925,
place shown variously
as Cooper or Klondike,
Texas
6'1"
158 pounds
Brown
Brown
8 years grammar school,
3 years high school
U.S. Army, Serial No. 38634035,
August 28, 1944 to June 28, 1946
honorable discharge; Army

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AMERICAN UNDERGROUND, Also KHOMITIAL MINUTEMEN FORT WORTH, TEXAS

Selective Service Board

Mational Guard Number Relatives Wife -

Father -

Mother -

Son -

Daughter -

Son -

National Guard, February 28, 1956 to February 27, 1959; February 28, 1959 to August 9, 1962, and August 9, 1962, to date, now serving 3 year enlistment to expire August 9. No. 69, Sulphur Springs, Texas, Order No. 49 69 25 222 38634035 Joyce D. South, Born August 2, 1930, married June 2, 1947, Dallas, Texas Arthur Franklin South, 1190 East Grove, Paris, Texas. Birte Bee South, 1190 East Grove, Paris, Texas. Leslie Franklin South, born March 3, 1948' Milda Grace South, born July 12, 1949 James William South, born February 11, 1962.

On May 24, 1964, South completed an "Armed Forces Security Questionnaire" in which he answered in the negative all questions pertaining to membership in or affiliation with the organizations designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

He has won various awards ranging from "Sharpshooter" to "marksman" for his shooting abilities. He has studied automotive mechanics, armor, artillery, and platoon tactics while in the military service.

On January 21, 1965, records of the Identification Division and Records Bureau, Dallas, Texas, Police Department, and the Identification Bureau of the Dallas County Sheriff's Office were caused to be checked, but no record for Molan Franklin South was located.



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AMERICAN UMDERGROUND, also known as MINUTENEN FORT WORTH, TEXAS

On January 22, 1965, records of the Merchants Retail Credit Association, Dallas, were caused to be checked. They disclosed a record for Nolan Franklin South, wife Joyce, who has been in their files since October, 1952, and was last checked November 15, 1963. He lives at 7223 Lake June Road, Dallas. He formerly lived at 1500 South Henderson, Dallas, and at Cooper, Texas, in 1952. In 1952 he was 27 years of age, and had been self-employed in farming for four years. He is employed by the Texas National Guard. He was previously employed by the Ford Notor Company in Dallas.

His credit record is satisfactory except for a debt owed an automobile dealer in 1959, \$1100, which is still owing.

Records of the Dallas Police Department, as caused to be checked on February 8, 1965, contained no information identifiable with Delbert Ray.

Records of the Merchants Retail Credit Association, Dallas, as caused to be checked February 5, 1965, revealed a record for Delbert Ray, last checked in 1960. His residence was Route 3, Box 182, Midlothian, Texas. His wife was Mary June. Ray was employed by Fred Bell Enterprises. In 1957 he was employed by the Donahue Corporation in Dallas. His address at one time (exact time not shown) was Cedar Hill, Texas, in care of General Delivery. He had been in credit bureau files since 1949. His wife was not employed, and his credit records was satisfactory.

On February 16, 1965, Dallas T-1 advised no recent activities have been noted in the local Fort Worth group of alleged "Minutemen" and there appears to be no indication at present for current plans for any immediate activity.

Dallas T-1 advised on March 16, 1965, there has been little recent activity of the group in Fort Worth, Texas, aligned similarly to the "Minutemen" organization. The group's plans to burglarize a local Mational Guard Armory have not materialized, as recently the group has noticed further security precautions, including night lighting, are being taken at armories.

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"Ray", who appears to be the highest group official in the area, is speaking more of retired General Edwin Walker's guidance and leadership of the organization. He speaks in near reverent terms concerning Walker. Dallas T-1 advised that "Ray" was General Walker for him, but after further consideration, decided it would not be appropriate at this time, because Falker becomes suspicious of these who too "Ray" advised that it would be wiser to wait until the General requests to the had been in the organization a longer period of time.

Dallas T-1 further stated that William Seals of Houston, Texas, formerly of Fort Worth, has not been recently in contact with the group in Fort Worth.

Dallas T-1 advised he had no information that the group had yet established a local storehouse or arsenal for weapons and that the membership and leaders in the local group have remained unchanged.







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1

NATION OF ISLAM, formerly referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, also known as Muhammad's Temples of Islam

In January, 1957, a source advised Elijah Muhammad has described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam," (NOI) and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

On May 8, 1964, a second source advised Elijah Muhammad is the national leader of the NOI; Muhammad's Temple of Islam No. 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI; and in mid-1960, Muhammad and other NOI officials, when referring to Muhammad's organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or *Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

The NOI is an all-Negro organization which was originally organized in 1930 in Detroit, Michigan. Muhammad claims to have been selected by Allah, the Supreme Being, to lead the so-called Negro race out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation in the United States. Members following Muhammad's teachings and his interpretation of the "Koran" believe there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "white devils," in the United States; and that the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negroes, must and will be destroyed in the approaching "War of Armageddon."

In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including Muhammad, have refused to register under the provision of the Selective Service Acts and have declared that members owe no allegiance to the United States.

On May 5, 1958, the first source advised Muhammad had, upon advice of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States Government; however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teachings of his organization.





2

NATION OF ISLAM, formerly referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, also known as Muhammad's Temples of Islam

On May 7, 1964, a third source advised Muhammad had, early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to Muhammad, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.

MARY FERRELL
FOUND ATION



CONFIDENTIAL

APPENDIX

1

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
OF THE WORLD UNION OF
FREE ENTERPRISE NATIONAL
SOCIALISTS, ALSO KNOWN AS THE
GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL PARTY

In his book "This Time The World," copyrighted in 1961, George Lincoln Rockwell identified himself as Commander, American Nazi Party of the World Union of Free Enterprise National Socialists (ANP - WUFENS), Arlington, Virginia.

The April 4, 1963, issue of "The Richmond News Leader," a Richmond, Virginia, daily newspaper, reported that George Lincoln Rockwell had, on the previous day, again applied for the American Nazi Party to be chartered in the State of Virginia, but this request was turned down by the Virginia State Corporation Commission. This action was taken pursuant to an act of the 1962 Virginia Assembly which prohibits use of "Nazi" or "National Socialism" in a Virginia charter. This article further pointed out that Rockwell's party is presently chartered in the State of Virginia as the George Lincoln Rockwell Party.

On August 14, 1964, a source advised that the ANP - WUFENS was organized by George Lincoln Rockwell at his residence in Arlington, Virginia, on February 26, 1959, as an international "National Socialist" movement based on the German Nazi Party headed by Adolf Hitler. He added that Rockwell is the dominant force and personality in this party; that he is espousing a "line" of hatred against the Jews and Negroes; and that he is seeking, through speeches, distribution of literature and picketing, to establish a cohesive and dominant political party in the United States and in foreign countries.

According to the "Stormtrooper's Manual," an official publication of the ANP, the phases of ANP struggle for power are fourfold, namely, first "to make ourselves known to the masses;" second "the dissemination of our program and the truth about the Party;" third "organizing



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AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
OF THE WORLD UNION OF
PREE ENTERPRISE NATIONAL
SOCIALISTS, ALSO KNOWN AS THE
GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL PARTY

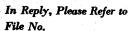
"the people who have been converted to our propaganda;" and fourth "the attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses."

On February 17, 1964, Karl Rogers Allen, Jr., former Deputy National Commander of the ANP, advised that George Lincoln Rockwell believes that he has completed the first two phases in his struggle for power and is now well into the third phase. Allen said, however, in his opinion, Rockwell has only completed phase one.

MARY FERRELL
FOUNDATION
CONTROL THE AARC









FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Dallas, Texas March 26, 1965

Title

AMERICAN UNDERGROUND, also

known as MINUTEMEN FORT WORTH, TEXAS

Character

INFORMATION CONCERNING

INTERNAL SECURITY

Reference

Letterhead Memorandum, dated

March 26, 1965, at Dallas.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

Dallas T-1 is a source with whom insufficient contact has been made to make a determination of his reliability.

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